

## Test žáka

Zdroj testu: Celoplošná zkouška 2

Školní rok 2012/2013

## ANGLICKÝ JAZYK

Jméno: \_\_\_\_\_ Třída: \_\_\_\_\_

Škola: \_\_\_\_\_

# NIQES

Národní systém  
inspekčního hodnocení  
vzdělávací soustavy

Termín provedení testu: \_\_\_\_\_

Datum vytvoření: 14. 10. 2013

## Obtížnost 1

## Úloha 1



**Woman:** They are beautiful!

**Shop assistant:** And fresh too. Imported from Argentina. Not like those from a greenhouse. They have no taste now in winter.

**Woman:** Hmm, can I try one?

**Shop assistant:** Sure. As many as you want...How is it?

**Woman:** Very juicy... But not very sweet.

**Shop assistant:** They don't have much sugar but they are very good. And they smell nice.

**Woman:** OK. I will take half a kilo on the way back.

You will hear 5 dialogues. For each dialogue, choose the correct answer.

The woman is

- at the market.
- at a party.
- at an airport.
- in a clothes shop.

## Úloha 2



**Class teacher:** Nigel, could you come to my office when you finish classes today, please?

**Nigel:** Me? Yes, of course.

/PAUSE/

**Class teacher:** Come in!

**Nigel:** You wanted to talk to me, Mr. Sparling.

**Class teacher:** Yes, Nigel, sit down, please. I want to talk to you about your Spanish...

**Nigel:** Has Miss Sardinero told you about my presentation on la corrida? I didn't have much time to prepare it because I had to do...

**Class teacher:** Nigel, she's talked to me, or rather, I've asked her about you myself. She's very pleased with you this year. She says she can't explain the change but you are working very hard. You are much better at Spanish grammar and you know more words... You are also very active in her lessons.

**Nigel:** Did she say that?

**Class teacher:** I wanted to tell you this. Anyway, there was something else I wanted to ask. We're going to have some visitors from Sevilla next month. One teacher and ten students. Do you think you could help us when they are here?

**Nigel:** Me? Yes! Of course! Hmm... How many girls are there in the group?

Hear and choose the correct answer.

The class teacher talks to Nigel because

- Nigel has lost a Spanish dictionary.
- Nigel has copied his Spanish test.
- Nigel has been rude to his Spanish teacher.
- Nigel's Spanish is better now.

## Úloha 3



Hear and choose the correct answer.

In the competition Jim is going to

- sing a traditional Scottish song.
- sing and dance in the street with his friend.
- write questions for a pop star.
- answer questions about pop music.

## Úloha 4



**Journalist:** Sarah, have you always wanted to be a guide?

**Sarah:** Hmm...I've always been interested in foreign countries, in their history and problems and mainly in the way people live there. So, perhaps, yes. But I know I don't want to be a guide all my life.

**Journalist:** Why not?

**Sarah:** I spend 9 months of the year abroad. When I get married, my family will be more important than my job.

**Journalist:** Oh, of course. Anyway, visiting exciting places is the pleasant part of your job. Meeting a lot of new people who can sometimes be ... difficult is another part. Have you ever had any problems with tourists?

**Sarah:** Every guide could talk for a long time about his or her clients. Some people are often late, for example. Well, this is a problem not only for the guide, but for the whole group, too. Some people often ask about silly things, for example if the driver is married or why something is expensive but... most tourists are nice people.

**Journalist:** That's called positive thinking. Is there anything you don't like about your job?

**Sarah:** Well, I don't like people who just want to show how clever they are and who ask me really hard questions. They are very happy when I can't answer or when they can correct me.

**Journalist:** How do you feel then?

**Sarah:** Like a student at school. But I try to keep smiling and take it easy. That's the key to success in difficult situations.

Hear and choose the correct answer.

Sarah says she doesn't like people

- who test what she knows.
- who ask about silly things.
- who don't return hotel keys.
- who are often late.

## Úloha 5



**Michael:** Mel, do you know you are the only Melvina I know?

**Melvina:** Well, I don't know any other girl with the same name.

**Michael:** I wanted to say it is not a usual name like... Michael.

**Melvina:** No, this name has never been very popular. I would choose a different name for my baby.

**Michael:** Have you ever asked your parents why they chose this name for you?

**Melvina:** I didn't have to. I was six or seven and my father was taking me to school by car when we heard on the radio – Melvina Melvina be happy my girl... My father told me I am Melvina because of that song. It was not a big hit when my mother was young but she loved the song as well as the singer. And she couldn't find a better name for her first child. Anyway, I didn't like the song at all at that time. When I was a young girl, I also wished I had a different name, something more traditional... like Jane or Katy...

**Michael:** But are you happy about your name now?

**Melvina:** Now? I think so. I think Melvina is a nice name, especially if you know there is a meaning in the word.

**Michael:** And what does your name mean?

**Melvina:** A fine lady, Michael!

## Hear and choose the correct answer.

The girl's name is Melvina because

- this name is traditional in her family.
- her father's name is Melvin.
- Melvina was her mother's favourite song.
- this name was popular 15 years ago.

## Úloha 6



Oscar Wilde was born on 16th October 1854 in Dublin in Ireland. He was an Irish writer. He was the second child: he had one older brother and one younger sister. His father, William Wilde, was an important Irish ear and eye doctor and his mother, Jane Francesca Wilde, was a successful writer. She wrote poetry. Some of Oscar Wilde's works are The Picture of Dorian Gray, The Importance of Being Earnest and Salome. Oscar didn't go to any school up to the age of nine, as he was educated at home. He studied different subjects and also French at home. Later on he studied in Dublin and in Oxford. When he finished his studies, he taught at universities in London, the United States, Canada and Paris. In 1881 he met Constance Lloyd. They got married three years later. They had sons, Cyril and Vyvyan. Ten years later Oscar met Lord Alfred "Bosie" Douglas, and they soon became lovers. Because of his homosexuality Oscar was sent to prison for two years. After this happened, his wife changed her and his sons' last names to Holland. Later on Oscar moved to France, changed his name and lived there until his death. He died in Paris in 1900. He was only 46 years old.

You will hear a pupil presenting his project on Oscar Wilde. Complete each question about Oscar Wilde with ONE word or number.

Country of birth: \_\_ (1) \_\_

(1)

His mother's job: \_\_ (2) \_\_

(2)

Foreign language studied at home: \_\_ (3) \_\_  
(3)

Number of children (*write number*): \_\_ (4) \_\_  
(4)

He died when he was \_\_ (5) \_\_ years old (*write number*).  
(5)

## Úloha 7

Match notices to right sentences. You do not need 3 notices.

Toys are now upstairs!

Lost your mobile? Come to class 3C.

LIBRARY - SILENCE!

NO CAPS OR TRAINERS IN THE CLUB. THANK YOU.

PLEASE DO NOT GIVE APPLES TO THE HORSES

FOR RENT

Entrance Only

Keep off the grass

No dogs except guide dogs

NO WAITING

You can find these on another floor.

Vybrané odpovědi:

If you can't find your phone, you should go to this place.

Vybrané odpovědi:

You must be quiet in this place.

Vybrané odpovědi:

You mustn't wear these clothes here.

Vybrané odpovědi:

You mustn't give this fruit to these animals.

Vybrané odpovědi:

If you pay, you can have this place/thing for a short time.

Vybrané odpovědi:

If you want to leave this place, use another door.

Vybrané odpovědi:

## Úloha 8

Read the article. Are sentences 1 – 8 'True' or 'False'? If there is not enough information in the text, choose 'Doesn't say'.

**More Than Just Friends**

A lot of people say that dogs are the best animal friends. People who have difficulty with seeing, hearing or walking also know that dogs can help them. These people are called disabled people, and the dogs that help them are called *assistance dogs*.

Somebody can think that an *assistance dog* is a kind of a *therapy dog*, but it is not true! Both *therapy dogs* and *assistance dogs* help people, but they don't help in the same way.

*Therapy dogs* are trained to be nice and kind to people, so they usually help in hospitals, where they make ill people happier. Sometimes they are used at schools, where they may help children with learning. They are also very useful for people after stressful situations like car accidents or fires. *Therapy dogs* can be big or small, hairy or without hair, but only friendly dogs can become *therapy dogs*.

A *therapy dog* must pass a 'test'. This means that it mustn't run away when it hears something strange and it must enjoy meeting people and other animals. A *therapy dog* mustn't be afraid of people who are not nice to it. For example, when somebody sits down on it by mistake, it mustn't get aggressive.

*Assistance dogs* help disabled people, for example they assist people who can't walk. They can pass them things or open doors to them. Assistance dogs that help people who are not able to see are called *guide dogs*. *Assistance dogs* must be big enough to take things down from a table or to be seen by drivers. *Assistance dogs* have one advantage that *therapy dogs* don't have. They can almost always be with the disabled person, so in a lot of countries people welcome them in restaurants and hotels as well as at post offices. In some countries they can even travel for free on buses.

It takes a lot of time and a lot of money to train an *assistance dog*. If you want to learn about its training, read the book *A Dog Who's Always Welcome* by Lorie Long.

A *therapy dog* must be big.

- (1)            Doesn't say  
                 False  
                 True

A handicapped dog is the best *therapy dog*.

- (2)            True  
                 False  
                 Doesn't say

A *therapy dog* likes being with people.

- (3)            True  
                 False  
                 Doesn't say

A guide dog is an *assistance dog*.

- (4)        True  
             False  
             Doesn't say

An *assistance dog* can enter a restaurant.

- (5)        True  
             Doesn't say  
             False

An *assistance dog* helps children to learn.

- (6)        True  
             Doesn't say  
             False

Food for *assistance dogs* is expensive.

- (7)        True  
             Doesn't say  
             False

Teaching *assistance dogs* is expensive.

- (8)        Doesn't say  
             True  
             False

**Obtížnost 2****Úloha 9**

Choose the correct word for each space.

**A Trip to the Mountains**

Two years ago, on a sunny weekend in February, little Maggie Jones \_\_(1)\_\_ on a short skiing \_\_(2)\_\_ to the mountains with other children from her school. It was the first time that she was \_\_(3)\_\_ from home, so her parents were a bit \_\_(4)\_\_ They thought that she could feel unhappy there because she didn't know the other children very well and she couldn't ski. Her parents \_\_(5)\_\_ her a new mobile phone and asked her to \_\_(6)\_\_ them every day after dinner. But when she was in the mountains, Maggie didn't phone them at all. 'Why didn't you call us?' asked her Mum when they were \_\_(7)\_\_ home from the bus \_\_(8)\_\_ on Sunday evening. 'We were so \_\_(9)\_\_ skiing and playing games,' \_\_(10)\_\_ little Maggie. 'I really didn't have time to phone!'

(1)            climbed  
                 went  
                 ran  
                 threw

(2)            trip  
                 noon  
                 brain  
                 team

(3)            around  
                 back  
                 away  
                 after

(4)            lazy  
                 surprised  
                 worried  
                 angry

(5)            gave  
                 ate  
                 wrote  
                 broke

(6)            shout  
                 tell  
                 call  
                 say

- (7) riding  
driving  
drawing  
moving
- (8) station  
church  
market  
theatre
- (9) true  
angry  
sure  
busy
- (10) put  
asked  
heard  
answered

### Úloha 10

Read the definitions and write correct words.

Thick white air near the ground which is difficult to see through (*noun, 3 letters, first letter is F*): \_\_(1)\_\_\_

(1)

Something that you use for drying your hands, face or body (*noun, 5 letters, first letter is T*): \_\_(2)\_\_\_

(2)

The eighth month of the year, between July and September (*noun, 6 letters, first letter is A*): \_\_(3)\_\_\_

(3)

To move your body through water (*verb, 4 letters, first letter is S*): \_\_(4)\_\_\_

(4)

Making little or no noise (*adjective, 5 letters, first letter is Q*): \_\_(5)\_\_\_

(5)

Something that is not expensive (*adjective, 5 letters, first letter is C*): \_\_(6)\_\_\_

(6)

To go to someone's home and spend time with them (*verb, 5 letters, first letter is V*): \_\_(7)\_\_\_

(7)

To travel by plane; to move through the air (*verb, 3 letters, first letter is F*): \_\_ (8) \_\_  
(8)

### Úloha 11

Choose the correct word for each space.

#### Tourists in the Czech Republic

I \_\_ (1) \_\_ an interesting article about tourism in our country on the Internet last week. Every year tourists \_\_ (2) \_\_ come to the Czech Republic bring a lot of money here. Prague is \_\_ (3) \_\_ place. However, foreign visitors come to other cities and towns too. And what \_\_ (4) \_\_ see? Old castles and churches. Away from the towns, foreign tourists can try some sports in the mountains. They often go skiing and snowboarding in winter or hiking and rock climbing in summer. There are also art galleries and museums \_\_ (5) \_\_ in the country. \_\_ (6) \_\_ you are in the Czech Republic, you \_\_ (7) \_\_ forget to try special Czech food: roast duck or sweet fruit dumplings. \_\_ (8) \_\_ towns and cities are safe to walk even at night in the Czech Republic. But be careful while you \_\_ (9) \_\_ presents in large shopping centres or open markets. Someone \_\_ (10) \_\_ steal your money or run away with your bag.

- (1)            have found  
                 find  
                 found  
                 finded
- (2)            what  
                 all  
                 which  
                 who
- (3)            the most popular  
                 most popular  
                 more popular  
                 the more popular
- (4)            want they to  
                 do they want to  
                 are they want  
                 do they want
- (5)            someone  
                 everywhere  
                 somewhere  
                 everyone

- (6) When  
What  
Why  
Where
- (7) weren't  
needn't  
shouldn't  
didn't have
- (8) Much  
Every  
Very  
Most
- (9) are buy  
have bought  
are bought  
are buying
- (10) should to  
could  
could to  
should